

DTX2 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S216472

Product Name: Anti-DTX2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: RNF58

UNIPROT ID: Q86UW9 (Gene Accession - BC018555)

Background: DTX2 functions as an E3 ubiquitin ligase (Takeyama et al., 2003 [PubMed 12670957]). Regulator of Notch signaling, a signaling pathway involved in cell-cell communications that regulates a broad spectrum of cell-fate determinations. Probably acts both as a positive and negative regulator of Notch, depending on the developmental and cell context. Mediates the antineural activity of Notch, possibly by inhibiting the transcriptional activation mediated by MATH1. Functions as a ubiquitin ligase protein in vitro, suggesting that it may regulate the Notch pathway via some ubiquitin ligase activity.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human DTX2

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 200-400; ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

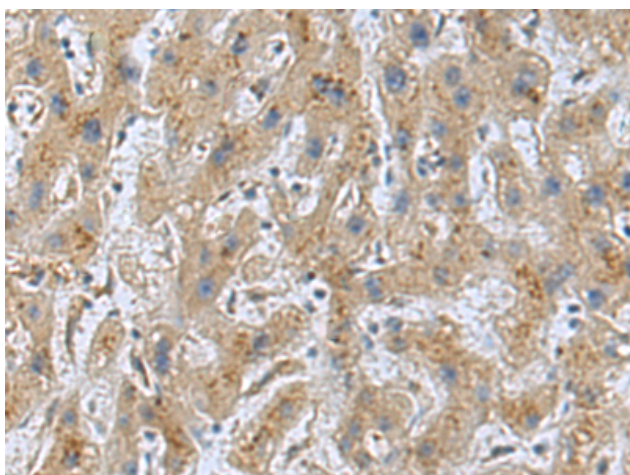
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse

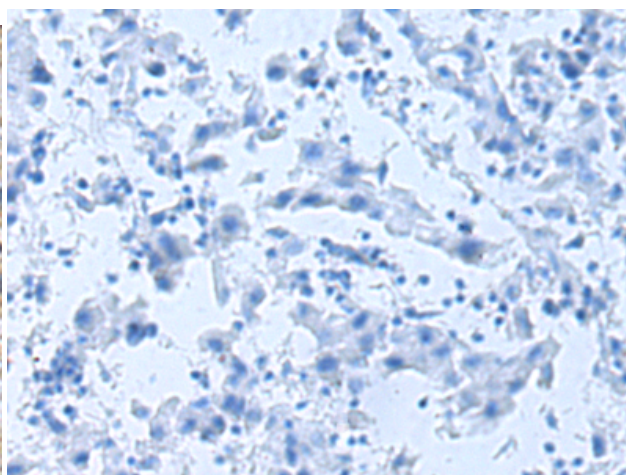
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Signal Transduction

Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human liver cancer tissue using 216472(DTX2 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/300(Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 216472(Anti-DTX2 Antibody) at dilution 1/300.