

CNST RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S219301

Product Name: Anti-CNST Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: Clorf71; PPP1R64

UNIPROT ID: Q6PJW8 (Gene Accession - BC036200)

Background: Targeting of numerous transmembrane proteins to the cell surface is thought to depend on their recognition by cargo receptors that interact with the adaptor machinery for anterograde traffic at the distal end of the Golgi complex. Consortin (CNST) is an integral membrane protein that acts as a binding partner of connexins, the building blocks of gap junctions, and acts as a trans-Golgi network (TGN) receptor involved in connexin targeting to the plasma membrane and recycling from the cell surface (del Castillo et al., 2010 [PubMed 19864490]).

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human CNST

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 50-200; ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

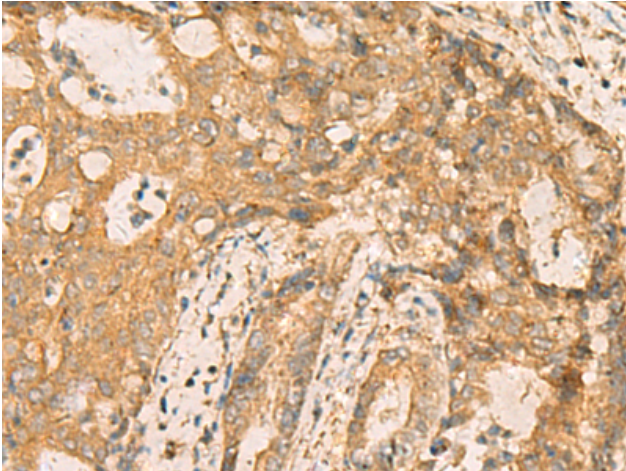
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human

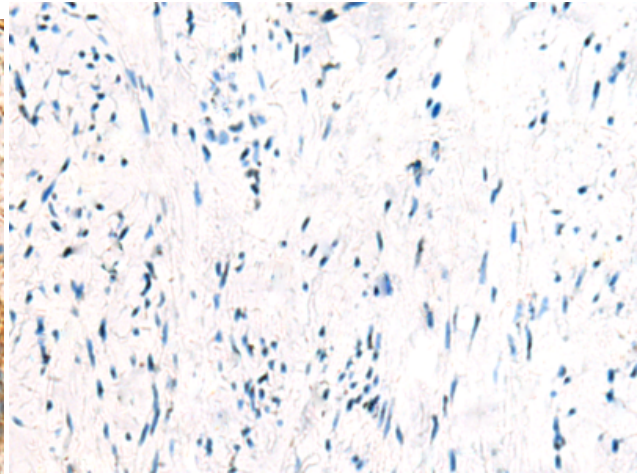
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Signal Transduction

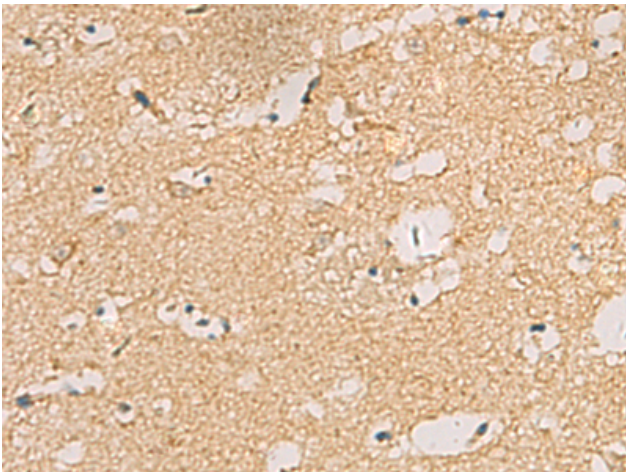
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



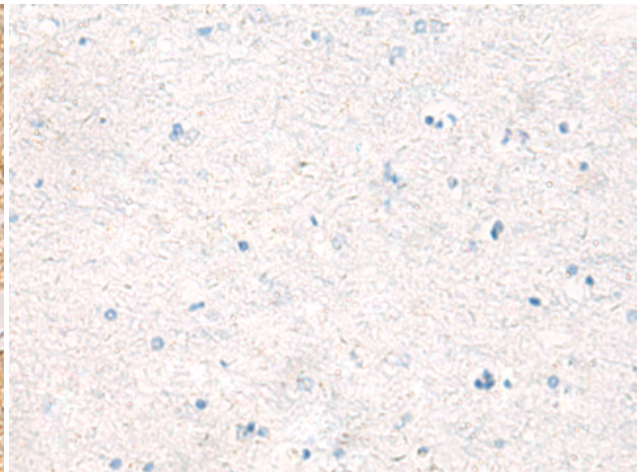
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using 219301(CNST Antibody) at a dilution of 1/70(Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 219301(Anti-CNST Antibody) at dilution 1/70.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue using 219301(Anti-CNST Antibody) at a dilution of 1/70.



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue is first treated with fusion protein and then with D226249(Anti-CNST Antibody) at dilution 1/70.