

ACOX1 RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S216917

Product Name: Anti-ACOX1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: ACOX; SCOX; PALMCOX

UNIPROT ID: Q15067 (Gene Accession - BC010425)

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is the first enzyme of the fatty acid beta-oxidation pathway, which catalyzes the desaturation of acyl-CoAs to 2-trans-enoyl-CoAs. It donates electrons directly to molecular oxygen, thereby producing hydrogen peroxide. Defects in this gene result in pseudoneonatal adrenoleukodystrophy, a disease that is characterized by accumulation of very long chain fatty acids. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human ACOX1

Applications: ELISA, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 50-200; ELISA: 2000-5000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

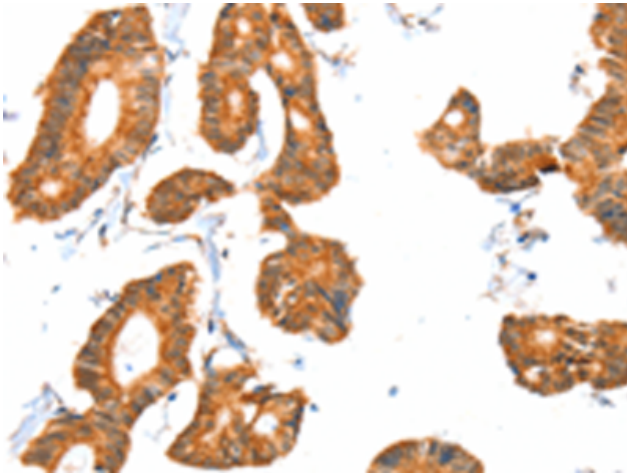
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

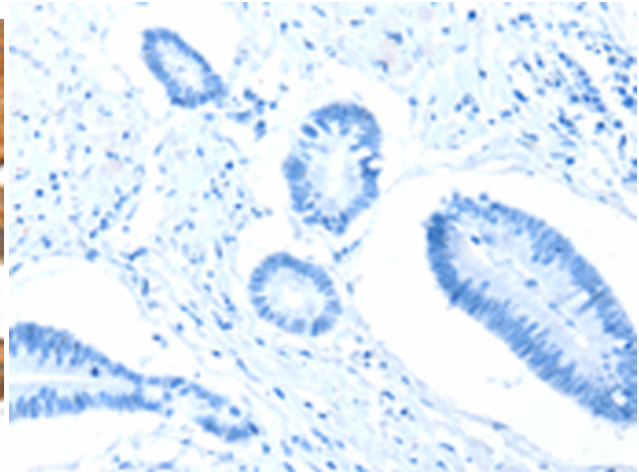
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Metabolism, Cancer, Cardiovascular

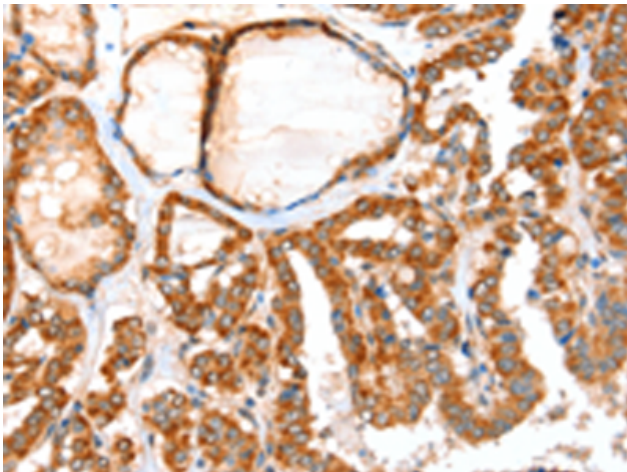
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



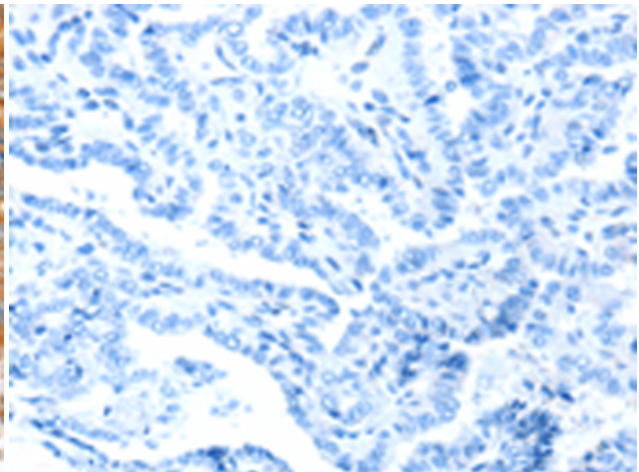
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human colon cancer tissue using 216917(ACOX1 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/40(Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue is first treated with the fusion protein and then with 216917(Anti-ACOX1 Antibody) at dilution 1/40.



The image on the left is immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using 216917(Anti-ACOX1 Antibody) at a dilution of 1/40.



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue is first treated with fusion protein and then with D221471(Anti-ACOX1 Antibody) at dilution 1/40.