

ACHE RABBIT PAB

Cat.#: S219616

Product Name: Anti-ACHE Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Synonyms: YT; ACEE; ARACHE; N-ACHE

UNIPROT ID: P22303 (Gene Accession - NP_000656)

Background: Acetylcholinesterase hydrolyzes the neurotransmitter, acetylcholine at neuromuscular junctions and brain cholinergic synapses, and thus terminates signal transmission. It is also found on the red blood cell membranes, where it constitutes the Yt blood group antigen. Acetylcholinesterase exists in multiple molecular forms which possess similar catalytic properties, but differ in their oligomeric assembly and mode of cell attachment to the cell surface. It is encoded by the single ACHE gene, and the structural diversity in the gene products arises from alternative mRNA splicing, and post-translational associations of catalytic and structural subunits. The major form of acetylcholinesterase found in brain, muscle and other tissues is the hydrophilic species, which forms disulfide-linked oligomers with collagenous, or lipid-containing structural subunits. The other, alternatively spliced form, expressed primarily in the erythroid tissues, differs at the C-terminal end, and contains a cleavable hydrophobic peptide with a GPI-anchor site. It associates with the membranes through the phosphoinositide (PI) moieties added post-translationally. AChE activity may constitute a sensitive biomarker of RBC ageing in vivo, and thus, may be of aid in understanding the effects of transfusion.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide of human ACHE

Applications: ELISA, WB, IHC

Recommended Dilutions: IHC: 50-200;WB: 500-2000;ELISA: 5000-10000

Host Species: Rabbit

Clonality: Rabbit Polyclonal

Isotype: Immunogen-specific rabbit IgG

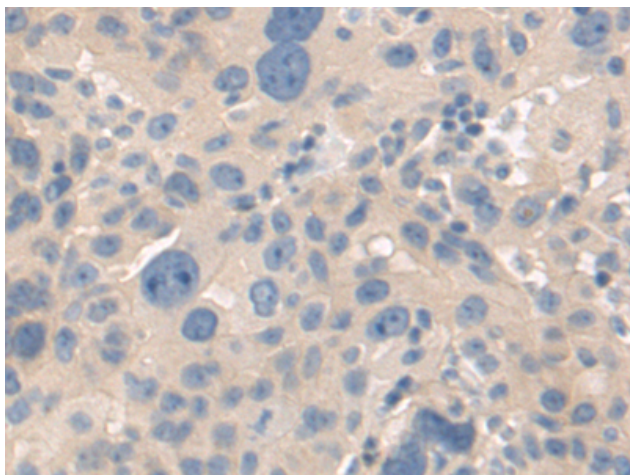
Purification: Antigen affinity purification

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

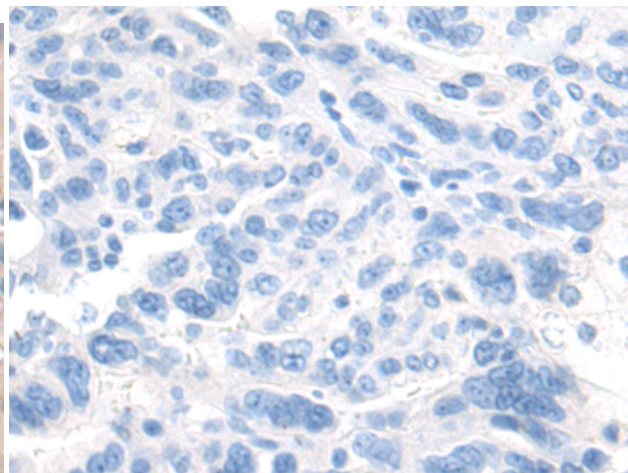
Constituents: PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% Sodium Azide and 40% glycerol

Research Areas: Neuroscience

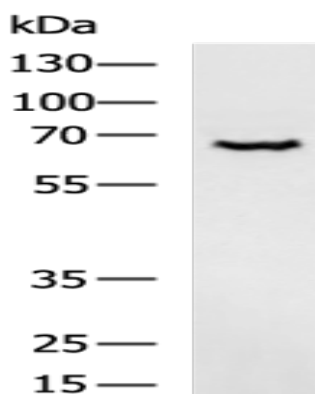
Storage & Shipping: Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin embedded Human breast cancer tissue using 219616 (ACHE Antibody) at a dilution of 1/50 (Cytoplasm).



In comparison with the IHC on the left, the same paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue is first treated with the synthetic peptide and then with 219616 (Anti-ACHE Antibody) at dilution 1/50.



Gel: 8% SDS-PAGE, Lysate: 40 μ g;
Lane: A172 cell lysate;
Primary antibody: 219616 (ACHE Antibody) at dilution 1/650;
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti rabbit IgG at 1/5000 dilution;
Exposure time: 30 seconds